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APPLICATION NO. **FILING DATE** FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 09/457,743 12/10/99 SAKURAI Н 0834-0243-0 **EXAMINER** IM22/0924 OBLON SPIVAK MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT JACKSON, M 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY PAPER NUMBER **ART UNIT** FOURTH FLOOR ARLINGTON VA 22202 1773 DATE MAILED: 09/24/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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|--|---|---|--|
| •  | Application No.   | Applicant(s)  |  |
|  | 09/457,743  | SAKURAI ET AL.  |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examiner  | Art Unit  |  |
|  | Monique R Jackson   |   |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appe<br>Period for Reply  | ears on the cover   | sneet with the correspondence address   |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status | 6(a). In no event, howev<br>within the statutory minir<br>ill apply and will expire S<br>cause the application to | ver, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on   | _·  |   |  |
| ,  | s action is non-fin   |   |  |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowa<br>closed in accordance with the practice under E   | nce except for for<br>Ex <i>parte Quayle</i> , '  | rmal matters, prosecution as to the merits is 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.   |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |   |   |  |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.  |   |   |  |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  | n from considera  | ation.  |  |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  |   |   |  |
| 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.   |   |   |  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |   |   |  |
| 8) Claim(s) 1-25 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.   |   |   |  |
| Application Papers   |   |   |  |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.   |   |   |  |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  |   |   |  |
| •  |   |   |  |
| 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.  If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.   |   |   |  |
| 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa  |   | IOII.   |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120  |   |   |  |
| 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  |   |   |  |
| a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:   |   |   |  |
| 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.   |   |   |  |
|  |   |   |  |
| <ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>  |   |   |  |
| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  |   |   |  |
| 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic   | priority under 35   | 5 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).   |  |
| a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro<br>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti   |   |   |  |
| Attachment(s)  |   |   |  |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)  | 5) 🔲  | Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)  Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  Other:  |  |

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1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1, (3-6)/1, and 18/1, drawn to a protecting film comprising a substrate, an oxide film body and a fluoride layer, classified in class 428, subclass 696.
- II. Claims 2, (3-6)/2, and 18/2, drawn to a protecting film comprising a substrate, an oxide film body and a fluoride-coated powder layer, classified in class 428, subclass 330.
- III. Claims 7-10 and (12-13)/(7-9), drawn to a method of protecting film by forming a fluoride layer from a gaseous substance in a vacuum, classified in class 427, subclass 248.1.
- IV. Claims 11 and (12-13)/11, drawn to a method of making a protecting film utilizing a paste or dispersion, classified in class 427, subclass 331.
- V. Claims 16-17, drawn to a composition, classified in class 106, subclass 287.27.
- VI. Claims 19-20, drawn to a method of making protecting film by forming a powder layer and then treating the surface, classified in class 427, subclass 154.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different effects Group I comprises a single oxide layer wherein Group II comprises two separate oxide layers having different compositions.
- 3. Inventions I and III are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be

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used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product can be made by other and materially different method such as by dispersion coating a fluoride layer.

- 4. Inventions I and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions differ for the method of Group IV does not produce the product of Group I.
- 5. Inventions I and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different effects, Group I is a film that does not require the coating composition of Group V which is a particle paste or dispersion.
- 6. Inventions I and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions differ because the method of Group VI does not produce the product of Group I.
- 7. Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions differ because the method of Group III does not produce the product of Group II.

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8. Inventions IV and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product can be made by a materially different process such as by lamination of individual preformed films.

- 9. Inventions V and II are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful as a molding composition for a self-suppport article and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.
- 10. Inventions II and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions differ because the method of Group VI does not produce the product of Group II.

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Inventions III and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different modes of operation, the method of Group III utilizes as gaseous substance for coating while the method of Group IV utilizes a solvent and a binder for coating.

- 12. Inventions III and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different functions, Group III is a method of making a film by applying a gaseous substance on a composite in the absence of any paste or dispersion while Group V is a paste or dispersion composition.
- 13. Inventions III and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different modes of operation, Group III is a method of making a film by applying a gaseous substance on a composite while Group VI is a method of making a film by applying a powder and then later stripping the treated surface layer.
- 14. Inventions IV and V are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP

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§ 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product can be used in a materially different process such as a pigment or filler material in a molding process.

- 15. Inventions IV and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different modes of operation, Group IV requires the use of a solvent and a binder while Group VI requires the stripping of a treated surface layer.
- 16. Inventions V and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions differ because the method of Group VI does not utilize a paste or dispersion comprising a solvent and a binder as in Group V.
- 17. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 18. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).
- 19. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the

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application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Monique R Jackson whose telephone number is 703-308-0428. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays-Thursdays, 8:00AM-4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul J Thibodeau can be reached on 703-308-2367. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-5436 for regular communications and 703-305-3599 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

mrj

September 19, 2001

Paul Thibodeau Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 1700